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A SMALL SHIPMENT  
OF  
JOHN COTTON'S  
SMOKING  
MIXTURE  
KOS. 1 & 2 MEDIUM.  
\$1. per 4 oz tin  
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

# The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

CORONA  
The Standard of the World  
Fitted with either Pica or KIM  
TYPE. Complete typewriter in  
travelling case.  
\$30.  
ALEX. BOSS & CO.  
Phone 2487.

July 23, 1919, Temperature 81.

Rainfall 0.00 inch.

Humidity 87.

July 23, 1918, Temperature 92.

No. 17,522.

號三十月七年九十壹百九千壹

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1919.

日六廿月未己亥歲年八國民華中

PRICE \$3.00 Per Month

## BUSINESS NOTICES

### W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.

KOWLOON BAY.

Steam and Motor Vessels.  
Steel Building Work of every Description.  
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies

### DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE FAMOUS

CHANDLER  
HUDSON  
AND  
OTISLAND  
MOTOR  
CARS



MILLET  
GREY  
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DAVIDSON  
MOTOR  
CYCLES

TELEPHONE 489.  
INSPECTION INVITED.  
BEST CARS IN THE COLONY FOR HIRE.

THE BEST PREVENTATIVE OF  
INFECTIOUS AND CONTAGIOUS DISEASES

## WATSON'S HYGIENOL A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED AND PERFECTLY SAFE DISINFECTANT.

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A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,  
TELEPHONE No. 16.

We Suggest:  
BRINSMEAD  
CHAPPELL,  
ESTY  
CHALLEN

ROBINSON'S

For  
Supreme  
Tone and  
Quality.

### THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

Established 1883  
MANUFACTURERS OF

## PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND  
1/2" to 15"

CABLE LAD  
6" to 15"

4 STRAND  
3" to 10"

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length

Prices, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to:  
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TAILORS

ALEXANDRA BUILDING, HONGKONG. TEL. No. 2843.

## DONNELLY & WHYTE. WINE MERCHANTS.

TEL. No. 664.

## TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Router's Service to the China Mail.)

### ONE LAW FOR CARSON. ANOTHER FOR LABOUR.

OUR NEPOTIC GANG.

LONDON, July 17.  
There was a House of Commons debate criticising Carson's speech about calling out his Ulster rebels to resist Dominion Home Rule. On Mr. Clynes' motion for adjournment, the Attorney-General declared that the speech was not an offence against the law. There was nothing in it, he much regretted to say, on which legal proceedings could be founded. Mr. Adamson declared that the Government's attitude was as dangerous as the speech itself. The decision was irreconcilable with the treatment of certain Labourites still imprisoned.

Mr. Bonar Law asked if a prosecution was desired with a view to influencing public opinion, although the government knew there were other means of signifying the disapproval of the government.

LONDON, July 16.  
In the House of Lords, Lord Birkenhead said the Government would come to a decision on Irish affairs at an early date and devise some substitute for the Home Rule Act. Referring to Carson's threat, Lord Birkenhead said he was surprised at Ulster's apprehensions, in view of the Government's assurances that there would be no coercion. He did not believe that either Ulster or the Sinn Féin would accept Dominion Home Rule if it were shorn of control of the army and navy. He saw no hope of a satisfactory solution until law and order were vindicated.

Mr. Bonar Law added that it was a very unfortunate incident but he was satisfied with the Attorney-General's answer. The Government could not take action unless advised that the speech was illegal.

Mr. Clynes' motion was rejected by 217 to 73.

### SILVER.

LONDON, July 18.  
Montagu's report says the firmness of China and American exchanges is caused by a considerable rise in the price of silver. The premium on forward delivery is reduced to 1/8. Business is fairly active, its tone steady.

### ITALY AND CHINA.

PARIS, July 17.  
The Supreme Council has refused Italy's request to be given the Austrian concession at Tientsin.

### BOXING.

LONDON, July 17.  
At the bantam-weight 20 round boxing contest at Olympia the Prince of Wales and Prince Albert, also General Pershing were present. The purse was £5,000. Jimmy Wilde beat Pat Moore of the United States on points.

### THE GERMANS.

COPENHAGEN, July 17.  
Munich reports that Herr Toller, recently the Soviet dictator of Bavaria, has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

Berlin reports a strike at Stettin extending to bakeries. Public services and harbour traffic are at a standstill, and acts of violence are being committed.

In consequence of a general strike at Stralsund, Pomerania, the middle-classes are "counter-striking."

BERLIN, July 17.  
The Right Socialist party has decided to sever relations with the Communists who are alleged to be aiming at a soviet republic.

COPENHAGEN, July 16.  
Berlin reports that Germany is preparing a scheme for establishing a regular airship line between Berlin, Copenhagen and Stockholm. Trial flights are being made with a super-Zeppelin carrying a hundred passengers apart from the crew. They expect the flights to begin in two or three weeks.

### SPANISH POLITICAL CRISIS.

MADRID, July 16.  
The resignation of the Spanish Cabinet was due to an adverse vote on the question of abuses at the last elections, involving a hundred seats. There were heated debates in parliament.

### INCOME TAX REBATES.

LONDON, July 16.  
In the House of Commons Mr. Chamberlain announced that the income-tax allowance for a wife had been increased from £25 to £50 and the child abatement age raised to eighteen years in cases where the child was still studying.

Mr. Chamberlain announced that the income tax abatement for the first child was increased to £40.

### CABLE DELAYS.

EXPECTED EFFECT OF ABOLISHING CENSORS.

LONDON, July 17.  
In the House of Commons, speaking on the Post Office estimates, Mr. Illingworth stated there was now rather less delay on cables except to Egypt and Australia. They were suffering over much traffic and frequent interruptions. The normal capacity of these cables was 253,000 words daily, but the conditions had led to a reduction to 157,000. Government traffic was eighteen times greater than in pre-war times, and now occupied 25 per cent. of the total capacity of the Eastern cables. He estimated that the abolition of the censorship and the introduction of private codes on July 23 would decrease the traffic between twenty and thirty per cent. The cable companies estimated (the decrease) would be more. Nobody regretted more than the companies the great inconvenience which business people had experienced, which had made the transaction of business to the east almost impossible.

### PEACE CELEBRATIONS AT HOME.

### NAVAL SPECTACLE.

LONDON, July 17.  
The great peace pageants were inaugurated by the arrival of the fleet at Southend this afternoon. Four submarine flotillas anchored between Westcliff and Southend pier, opposite which lie the first, second, third, fourth, and fifth destroyer flotillas, with the repair ship "Assistance" and the flying ship "Furious," which was originally one of the four famous mystery cruisers, between them and the shore. Thence the dreadnoughts stretch eastwards in a long line, headed by the "Queen Elizabeth." Then come the Lion, Tiger, Barham, Valiant, Malaya, Revenge, Royal Oak, Royal Sovereign, King George Fifth, Erin, Conqueror, Orion, Monarch, and Thunderer. The public will be admitted to practically all the ships except the "Queen Elizabeth." The ships will be illuminated on the night of July 19. Rockets and deckflares will be fired from the deck of every ship.

Marshal French will not participate in the peace procession in London as he reviews the Irish troops on College Green, Dublin.

The peace celebrations are to culminate in the lighting at eleven o'clock at night of a chain of bonfires throughout the kingdom and empire.

### BAKERS STRIKE.

LONDON, July 15.  
A national conference of the union of operative bakers in London has decided on a national strike on August 2, unless their demands are conceded. These include the abolition of night work, a forty-four hour week, and a minimum wage of £4.

### PARIS KEEPS IT UP.

PARIS, July 14.  
Despite the strenuous day on July 14, indefatigable merry-makers began another night of gaiety following the signal for which was a great display of fireworks. President Poincaré banqueted the French and foreign generals and officers. The guests included twenty French noncoms and men decorated in the war.

### POLICE PAY RAISED.

LONDON, July 14.  
The Home Office police committee recommends the maintenance of the present system with a greater degree of standardisation, also a standard scale of pensions throughout the country. Constables' pay is to commence at 70 shillings a week with an annual increment rising to 90 shillings weekly. There will also be long service and proficiency increments. Section sergeants get from £5 to £5 12s. a week. Increases are to be retrospective from April 1.

## TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Router's Service to the China Mail.)

### RAILWAY STRIKE.

LONDON, July 15.  
The North Eastern railway is almost at a standstill in consequence of a strike of engine-drivers, in which the signalmen have joined. The strike arose owing to a suspension of men who refused the Company's eyesight test. The Company offered to submit to government arbitration.

LONDON, July 17.  
A mass meeting of all grades of railway workers at York decided on an immediate strike.

Nearly all the trains on the North Eastern railway have stopped owing to the strike of railwaymen for a relaxation of the eye test for drivers. The National Union of Railwaymen has instructed the North Eastern members to remain at work pending negotiations.

### BELGIUM AND HOLLAND.

PARIS, July 16.  
The Supreme Council has fixed July 29 for hearing the Belgian and Dutch government experts' views on the revision of the treaties of 1839.

### NATIONALIZATION.

LORD MILNER SCORES "CHINA MAIL" POINT.

LONDON, July 17.  
There was an interesting debate in the House of Lords on nationalisation. The majority of speakers were frankly hostile. Lord Incheape declared that nationalisation of the leading industries would reduce Britain to the position of a fourth-class power in a few years. Lord Milner admitted that the situation was serious but he believed he saw the dawn of better things. He was convinced there was an irresistible trend in all countries towards a greater measure of public ownership and control but such control did not mean control from Whitehall. He suggested the experimental controlled working of all mines in one area for a month. Lord Milner maintained there would have been complete disaster in the later years of the war without control of coal, food, and shipping, etc.

### MINERS STRIKE.

LONDON, July 16.  
150,000 Yorkshire miners have struck in a dispute over the execution of the Sankey award.

### AVIATORS LOST.

LONDON, July 16.  
The fate of the crew of the No. 11 is still wrapped in mystery. Lifeboats and motorboats have cruised the scene for hours and found no trace. The latest theory is that the disaster was due to engine trouble.

### BAIT FOR COMMERCIAL AVIATION.

The Daily Express has offered a prize of £10,000 for flights from England to India and from England to South-Africa. All types of aircraft are eligible but must carry at least a ton of saleable commodities on both the outward and homeward journey.

### THE SHAH.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 9.  
The announcement cabled on July 5 that the ex-Shah of Persia had returned to Persia was incorrect. He is still residing at Prinkipo.

### VICTORY LOAN.

LONDON, July 17.  
In the House of Commons Mr. Chamberlain stated that the Victory Loan total included £490,000,000 of new money.

### KAISER ILL.

AMERONGEN, July 16.  
The Kaiser is ill. A doctor remained all night.

### POLES AND UKRAINIANS.

LONDON, July 15.  
The newspapers of Warsaw state that the Ukrainian occupation of East Galicia has been marked by ferocious atrocities. Priests were forced to hold Grenades. When a fight was applied the victims were blown to pieces. Peasants were forced to throw themselves on fires. Thus whole villages were exterminated. The massacre of men, the violation of women, and the confiscation of all belongings was general.

The Ukrainian invasion in London has issued a statement that the Poles suffered great losses in the last offensive, losing 8,000 prisoners since June 10. The greater part of the booty taken during General Haller's offensive has been recaptured by the Ukrainians.

(Continued on Page 6.)

## BUSINESS NOTICES

### J. T. SHAW.

TAILOR, HABITMAKER  
AND  
OUTFITTER.

21, HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING,  
HONGKONG.

## A SPEEDY & SURE CURE FOR PRICKLY HEAT.

Our PRICKLY HEAT LOTION, prepared according to the formula of one of the present day Professors of Tropical Medicine.

Instantly Allays Irritation and Cures after a few applications.

THE PHARMACY, 22, Queen's Road Central.  
Tel. 315.

## FAIRALL & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

## NEW SILK GOLFERS

IN ALL SHADES.

LADIES' HAND MADE  
UNDERCLOTHING.

PHONE 644.

WE HAVE THE LATEST ENGLISH & AMERICAN

## PERIODICALS

ALSO  
NEW NOVELS

AND  
BUSINESS BOOKS,  
ETC., ETC.

BREWER & CO.  
TEL. 696. 23, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

DIAMONDS,  
JEWELLERY,  
SILVERWARE,  
CUT GLASS

QUALITY—VARIETY—PERFECTION.

## J. ULLMANN & CO.,

QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. (CORNER FLOWER STREET).

統The Wing On 永安有限公司  
新嘉坡球貨品  
八九一號

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## UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS

Most up-to-date and Cheapest House in Hongkong.  
Address: DES VUEX ROAD AND CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL.  
Telephone: Nos. 196 & 198.

## DON'T FORGET!!!

The Republic Motor Boats for your picnics and outings.  
TELEPHONE 307 OR 1257.

Write or Call,  
MOK LIN, Managing Director.



## G. P. LAMMERT.

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER  
AND SURVEYOR.  
Public Auctions.

### INTIMATIONS.

THE HONGKONG, CANTON &  
MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

#### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND OF ONE  
DOLLAR per Share for the six  
months ending June 30, 1919, will be  
PAYABLE on TUESDAY August 5,  
on which date Dividend Warrants may  
be obtained on application at the Com-  
pany's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the  
Company will be CLOSED from WED-  
NESDAY July 30 to TUESDAY  
August 5, both days inclusive, during  
which period no Transfer of Shares can  
be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
JOHN ARNOLD,  
Acting Secretary.  
Hongkong, July 22, 1919.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-  
MENT AGENCY CO., LTD.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of  
THREE and HALF DOLLARS  
per Share for the six months ending  
June 30, 1919, will be payable on  
MONDAY July 28, on which date  
Dividend Warrants may be obtained  
on application at the Company's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the  
Company will be CLOSED from FRI-  
DAY July 18, to MONDAY July 28,  
(both days inclusive) during which period  
no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
A. SHELTON HOOPER,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, July 9, 1919.

THE HONGKONG CENTRAL  
ESTATE LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of FOUR  
DOLLARS per Share for the six  
months ending June 30, 1919, will be  
payable on MONDAY July 28, on  
which date Dividend Warrants may be  
obtained on application at the Com-  
pany's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the  
Company will be CLOSED from FRI-  
DAY July 18, to MONDAY July 28,  
(both days inclusive) during which period  
no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
A. SHELTON HOOPER,  
Secretary to  
the General Manager.  
Hongkong, July 9, 1919.

THE WEST POINT BUILDING  
CO., LTD.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of  
THREE DOLLARS per Share  
for the six months ending June 30,  
1919, will be payable on MONDAY  
July 28, on which date Dividend  
Warrants may be obtained on applica-  
tion at the Company's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the  
Company will be CLOSED from FRI-  
DAY July 18, to MONDAY July 28,  
(both days inclusive) during which period  
no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
A. SHELTON HOOPER,  
Secretary to  
The Hongkong Land Investment &  
Agency Co., Ltd.

General Agents for the  
West Point Building Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, July 9, 1919.

#### NOTICE AND CAUTION.

KOWLOON INLAND LOT 176.

THE Deeds and Documents relating  
to the above Property having been  
stolen in China from the possession  
of the Owner, the Public is hereby  
cautioned not to enter into any negotia-  
tions regarding the same without  
reference to the undersigned.

Dated the 17th day of July, 1919.  
LEO DALMADA & CASTRO,  
Solicitor for the Owner.



#### NOTICE.

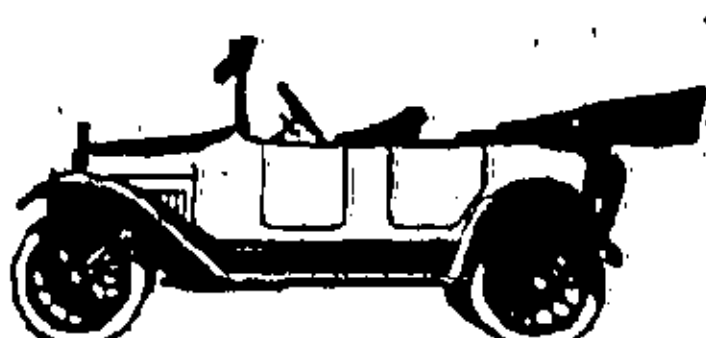
ALL PERSONS with the exception  
of those of Chinese race desiring to  
leave the Colony should apply in  
person between the hours of 9 a.m. to  
1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. daily at the  
PASS OFFICE, Post Office Building.

Applicants will be required to produce  
Passports or identification papers. All  
persons, with certain exceptions, who  
remain in the Colony for more than  
7 days are required to Register them-  
selves under the REGISTRATION OF  
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916. Forms  
of Registration giving the particulars  
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.  
and at all Police Stations.

The Penalty for non-compliance is a  
fine not exceeding \$50.

### INTIMATIONS.

## METEOR GARAGE



Sole distributors of  
**MAXWELL CARS.**

Automobiles for Hire  
and for Sale  
at reasonable Prices.

Phone 2500.  
65 Des Vaux Road  
Central.

理代乳嬰  
The Natural Milk Food for Infants,  
Invalids and Nursing Mothers.  
We have just received a large consignment.

粉奶牛洲澳



SHEU FUNG TAI & CO.,  
Agents for Hongkong and South China.  
No. 11 & 13, Connaught Road Central, Hongkong.  
Telephone Nos. 1259 & 2201.

### DAIRY FARM NEWS.

KIPPER3! KIPPER3!

JUST RECEIVED

A New Shipment direct from  
Scotland.

65 cents per lb.

### FOR SALE POSTAGE STAMPS

to  
Commemorate  
**PEACE**

at 50 cents per set of 4.

GRACA & CO.,  
No. 10, Wyndham Street,  
P. O. Box 620. Hongkong.

### JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear  
**MADE  
TO  
ORDER**



O'HARRY & CO.,  
PEDDER STREET,  
Opposite Hongkong Hotel.  
Telephone No. 491.  
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

### MAGGREGOR'S V.O.S.

(PARLIAMENT BLENDS)  
**FINEST LIQUEUR  
SCOTCH WHISKY.**

**EXTRA SPECIAL  
FINEST LIQUEUR  
WHISKY.**

CALDBECK, MAGGREGOR  
& CO.,  
15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,  
HONGKONG.

# Goofina

## EVERY TIME YOU WANT A GOOD SMOKE.



Obtainable at all  
High-class  
TOBACCONISTS.

This Advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co., (China) Ltd.

### SCOTTISH LETTER.

SIR DOUGLAS HAIG IN  
EDINBURGH.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig completed the first stage of his Vic-  
tory Tour through Scotland by a visit  
to his native Edinburgh, where he  
received one more laurel wreath and  
still another academic degree. By  
happy inspiration the city was enter-  
tained from Holyrood and the famous  
Historic Mills of the Canongate, the  
ancient street which has seen many  
progresses of various kinds, pro-  
cesses of Mary Queen of Scots, of  
Prince Charles of Bonnie Dundee,  
and of other famous historical figures  
in Scottish history. In old  
times the tall monuments were the  
dwellings of the highest nobles of the  
land; now they are filled and sub-  
divided and inhabited by working  
men and women, mostly belonging  
to the unskilled classes. But the  
Canongate well deserved the honour  
of being the first to welcome Sir  
Douglas to Edinburgh. No part of  
Great Britain, save perhaps the  
Western Isles, made so immediate  
response of goodwill when there  
came the call to arms in 1914. Uni-  
tically every able-bodied man in this  
street and its wings and closes,  
joined up within a week or two of  
the declaration of war. The greet-  
ing given to Sir Douglas was of the  
sincerest and the heartiest, there-  
fore, he came from those who are not  
inclined to use their threats in  
chasing.

The Canongate represents the  
people of the Old Town, and Prince  
Street those of the New Town, and  
here also Sir Douglas Haig had a  
most worthy reception, though it was  
of a more restrained character. Op-  
posite the Scott Monument, several  
companies of ex-soldiers were form-  
ed up, all of them in "civils," but  
all wearing badges and wound and  
honour stripes. They were flanked  
by lines of Australians, New Zealand-  
ers, and South Africans. Then,  
most observed of all, came a com-  
pany of 200 American soldiers, the  
majority of them at present students  
at Edinburgh University. Still  
another unique company turned out  
to greet the Field-Marshal. When  
he received the General Assembly he  
was received by a guard of honour  
composed of ministers in khaki, all  
of whom had either served as com-  
batant officers or army chaplains.

AN IMPERIAL UNITED  
CHURCH.  
Two outstanding incidents marked  
the closing scenes of the General  
Assemblies, the ecclesiastical Parlia-  
ments of the great Presbyterian  
Churches of Scotland—the visit of  
the Archbishop of Canterbury and  
Sir Douglas Haig. Of the two the  
appearance of Sir Douglas Haig was  
the most remarkable. In one of his  
speeches he made a striking appeal  
for what he called a great British  
Imperial Church. His idea is to  
establish a general staff for the Chris-  
tian Churches of the Empire, a body  
analogous in the ecclesiastical sphere  
to the position held by the Imperial  
General Staff in the military or-  
ganisation of the Empire. There  
need, in his opinion, be no interfe-  
rence in the internal economy of the  
Churches, whether on their spiritual  
or their temporal side. A beginning  
should be made in Great Britain  
itself by the formation of a United  
National Church; then he looks fur-  
ther afield to a great Imperial  
Church, embracing all the Churches  
of the British Empire.

EDINBURGH CASTLE AS A WAR  
MEMORIAL.  
Sir Douglas Haig is strongly in  
favour of Edinburgh Castle being  
adapted to the purposes of a Scot-  
tish War Memorial. "I can imagine  
no more fitting place for a National  
Memorial," he says, "than on this  
great Rock, which through all cen-  
turies has been the centre and the  
focus of Scottish national life."  
Lord Rosebery, in a letter to the  
Scottish Press, reiterates his oppo-  
sition to the proposal, and says that  
on the Castle Rock there is already  
a unique kind of the Castle itself.  
"That," Lord Rosebery adds, "is  
a noble monument of all Scottish  
history, and to bastardise this with  
a new war would surely be a mis-  
take from every point of view."

presence of Teutonic articles. It  
is believed that the pirates concealed  
their plunder in the pit, and that on  
the measure of the garrison by the  
native tribes, no one was left to tell  
the story of the hiding-place. The  
silver vessels are of fine classic and  
Christian design, with little trace of  
Celtic influence.

#### MISCELLANEA.

In the United Free Church there  
were 700 ministers under 50 years of  
age liable under compulsory military  
service, and of these 618 had served  
in one capacity or another.

The tank "Jufan," which toured  
Scotland in aid of War Savings, is  
awarded to the town of Duns, Ber-  
wickshire for its splendid total of  
£340 per head of the population, a  
figure far ahead of any other town  
in Great Britain.

A memorial is to be erected in  
Edinburgh Churchyard to John Jack-  
son, the Hovgate carrier, and his  
wife, immortalised in Dr. John  
Brown's "Tab and his Friends."

Discussing the bare-legged vogue  
of Paris with an old lady from whom  
I expected expressions of horror, I  
was surprised to receive the off-hand  
comment,—"They're only imitating  
their grannies." Becoming reminis-  
cent of Forthshire, she told how in  
the old days the fashion was bare  
foot and bare leg all the week, and  
even on Sunday they carried stock-  
ings and shoes in their hands till  
they came within sight of the kirk,  
when they sat down by the roadside  
and put on the stockings and foot-  
gear.

#### ENGAGEMENT.

The engagement is announced be-  
tween J. Lonsdale Trotter, son of  
the late David Alexander Trotter, of  
Anor, China, and stepson of Mrs.  
A. D. Trotter, of 41 Murrayfield Gar-  
dens, Edinburgh, to Marjorie Eliza-  
beth, younger daughter of F. S.  
Fraser Mackenzie, K.C., Commissioner  
of the Board of Control, 26 Albert  
Hall Mansions, London, S.W.

#### WILLS AND ESTATES.

Mr. James Baird Thornton, of  
Edinburgh, Troon, one of the prin-  
cipal directors of Messrs. Wm. Baird  
& Co., iron and engineering, Glas-  
gow, a well-known owner of ap-  
proaches training with Alec Taylor at  
Manton, has left personal property  
of the value of £200,000. His  
thoroughbred stock is valued at  
£12,516.

#### BLAZON TYPE NOT NECESSARY.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Colic and Diar-  
rhoea Remedy needs no glowing head-  
line to attract the public eye. The  
simple statement that all chemists sell  
it is sufficient, as every family knows its  
value. It has been used for fifty years  
and it is just what its name implies.  
For sale by All Chemists and Store-  
keepers.

### NOTICES.

## G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel Mansions.

Agents for:—ADMIRALTY CHARTS,  
ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,  
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,  
BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,  
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,  
High Class English Jewellery.

## MACARONI, PASTE STARS, EGG NOODLES,

VERMICELLI.

AND ALL KINDS OF SOUP STUFFS.

ALL our Pastes bear the "Rooster" label and are made from Flour of the Best  
Quality containing a large percentage of Gluten. Starch and Gluten are the  
principal components of Flour. Gluten is easier to digest and contains more  
nutriment than Starch. Manufactured under the most sanitary conditions.

Large quantities have been exported to various important cities in the World.  
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## DEATHS.

DA ROZA.—At the St. Paul's Hospital, Causeway Bay, at noon today, Aida Maria Alves da Roza, the dearly beloved wife of Carlos Augusto da Roza, aged 32. Deeply regretted. The funeral will leave the hospital at 5.45 p.m. tomorrow, passing the Monument at 6 p.m.

SILVA.—On July 16, at Shanghai, Antonio Manuel d'Araujo Silva, aged 74 years.

The China Mail.

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE."

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1919.

## OF LIES AND LIARS.

If Mr. H. Charley of Shanghai is right, all men are indeed liars. In a letter to a northern contemporary, he says "any one making statements that are false is uttering a lie though it is not a lie to him, but should be." That is a false statement, and on its utterer's standard of judgment should be a lie. But bless you, a lie is not so simply defined as that. A true statement may be a lie. Yes, we repeat, a true statement can be a calculated and conscious lie. Did you ever hear the story of the row between the skipper and the drunken mate of a wind-jammer? The skipper's indulgence was stretched too far, and one day he entered in the log that "the mate was helplessly drunk to-day." The mate said this was an unfriendly act; the skipper said it was a true entry and must stand. When the mate got his chance at the log, he wrote: "The skipper was sober to-day," and when the angry skipper demanded an explanation, the mate pointed out that it was a true statement.

A lie, besides being an ever present help in time of trouble, can be a very kind, benevolent, and unselfish thing. Mark Twain has a serious and beautiful short story to illustrate this. Lies to the sick and the dying, worried and perhaps injured by anxiety that can be smoothed away by a lie, are common. We do not say they are excusable; we say they need no excuse. We know there are people who pretend that they are always a lie, and always wrong, just as there are people who claim that they never lie. We make short work of them. They are liars. The lies of the Manchus sort made only to amuse, can pass. They do no harm. In fact, as they do not deceive, they are hardly lies. The lie immoral is the statement that is uttered with intent to

deceive a person to that person's detriment. Business is nearly all lies. In Hongkong men are paid to tell lies, and it has been remarked by a man who may have been a liar "the bigger the liar the bigger the salary." In society, as we all know, little lies are the subsidiary currency of polite conversation, without which association would be impossible. "Not at home" is a regularly recurring example, with "Do I intrude?" "Not at all" running a good race with it. Any honest person, by which we mean a man who can be truthful to himself, and this is not too common, if he takes a little card and put a pencil dot on it every time he says or writes (for a gesture can be a lie) untruthfully will find at the end of a perfect day that he has no room for another dot. Why men, common, vulgar, average men, should be so fearfully enraged when they are called a liar, is a mystery. Some men regard that as sufficient provocation for a knock-down blow. These are always habitual liars. The worst and most mischievous liars are perhaps those who deceive themselves about themselves. It becomes a habit that is continued in good faith, and they are past saving. Perhaps they are a slightly less hopeless lot than those who lie to God on Sundays, but we don't know. It is a fine point. It has been observed that the easiest way to deceive certain impertinently inquisitive folk in Hongkong is to tell them the simple truth. They never believe you. This establishes the awful paradox that you can tell a lie by telling the truth, which is no lie. Officials never lie. The nearest they get to it is equivocation and terminological inexactitude. But it is not noticed that they are any more popular than the other sort. Liar is not a nice word. A good synonym for it is Journalist. That is because journalism is so conspicuous—not because it has a monopoly of mendacity. Far from it.

## THEY DO NOT BELIEVE.

Preaching at the Cathedral on Sunday morning, the Rev. H. Copley Moyle ended on a rather sad note. "It is not true that the great majority of Church people who should have been showing forth the Christian Faith by the open avowal of Christian motives, by the plain acknowledgment of Christian hopes, and by the practical enforcement of Christian belief, have too often been content to form a silent, and to hide their religion away in some secret place where no one can see it? Is it not true that in this way the world has been led to form a wrong estimate of the Gospel? The average life of Christians must be the sign and measure of the Christian Faith to the world, and that life must be stamped with the hall-

mark of likeness to the life of Christ." And the reverend gentleman went on to say that it remains for the lay people to apply the Gospel principles to the business of every day: to show to the world that Christ and His principles are dominant in the office and the shop, in the Council Chamber and the Club, in the factory and the workshop just as much as they are in the Church.

In politics and the war too. There is no feature of life from which a Christian has any excuse for shutting his faith. The war and its irresistible passions did not make backsliders. It made sceptics. The majority came to the very grave decision that they no longer believed in the Sermon on the Mount. This was a frequent observation in the army. But some—and some out here—manifest the extraordinary delusion that they can still profess belief while falsifying it in daily conduct. In connection with the reinforcement of Edith Cavell, whose last writings proved her a sincere Christian, the *Daily Chronicle* printed some verses headed "Remember always." This was one of them:

Remember well whose order,  
"Kill!"  
Gave him the awful brand of Cain;  
Then think of her, the noblest slain  
Brutes! They are unrepentant still!

The *Japan Chronicle* ventured to remark that this breathed a little of poetry as it did of Christianity. It received a very angry letter from a correspondent claiming to be a returned soldier from the Front. Only one small part of his letter interests us. Had he said that the things he had seen and experienced of German wickedness had left him with an unconquerable feeling that he could never forgive the Hun, and that he was therefore abandoning all pretence of being a Christian, we could have still respected him for his sincerity. But in his announcement of his undying hate he had to incorporate this loathsome passage:

"As to Christianity, this finest of words should not be defiled by being mentioned in connection with anything German."  
It can only be the "finest of words" if it stands for the finest of things. To abandon the thing and retain the name of it is loathsome to any decent mind. The Rev. Copley Moyle's words mean that Miss C. herself would have endorsed a view. We have no quarrel with either Christian or non-Christian, but we have with these marvellous mental hermaphrodites. We say to the Christian, Act accordingly! We say to the non-Christian, Profess (confess) accordingly, or "stop professing what you don't believe." Is there the slightest flaw in that attitude? If so, tell us.

## MONEY.

Barclay's April Review thinks that in all the circumstances it must be regarded as inevitable and "even as satisfactory" that we are to add to our National Debt during the current year a matter of £233,810,000. This addition alone means an extra ten millions or so in interest. It would seem that our "normal" expenditure in these abnormal times must be £766,000,000 a year, as compared with £197,493,000 in the last pre-war year. The estimated revenue of £652,000,000, therefore, leaves the Chancellor of the Exchequer to find somehow a further 114 millions. The much talked of taxation of capital is considered impracticable. Brewers and distillers are asked to contribute an extra \$52,000,000 yearly, without passing it on to the consumer. We shall see. The national debt is 7,435 millions, an increase on the pre-war figure of 6,790 millions. Per head of population that means £161 instead of £14. The people have yet to wake up to the significance of the fact that the gold standard has gone, and that all the paper money they are "spending" so freely is really no better than our "chits." It is credit, not cash. Yet there are people who wish the Government to "increase wealth" by issuing more paper. The Government, so strict about banks issuing notes, and imposing so many safeguards, cannot itself disregard its own laws and limitations much more without disaster. There are more than £333,000,000 of currency notes out. In addition there were Treasury Bills outstanding to the amount of \$985,941,000.

## PHILOSOPHY OF BURGLARY.

In an endeavour to keep our editorial notes on *swill* to-day let us, having treated lies and money, consider burglary. The burglar who thinks invariably recognises the perfect adaptability of all things to his use. Regard the invention of windows, for instance. Just as the horse's back seems to have been designed for man to sit on, so windows must have been meant for burglars to get through. They are more easily forced than doors, and they are often left unwatched. Even the admirable division of day and night comes in. Darkness is favourable to burglary. The law recognises it, and considers night an essential part of burglary. If not done at night it is only housebreaking. It is quite obvious that the art of burglary was foreseen and provision made for it.

## JUST A DREAM.

We dreamed that a number of men who are not taipans or vested interests but just plain citizens earning their living here had the inspiration to prepare a public address of welcome to the new governor. As representing the views of the majority, it was very carefully worded, and calculated to give the new administrator a better sense of proportion than some of his predecessors have had. It pointed out the danger of leaving legislation and other public business entirely to a ring of people whose possessions are so great that they are naturally tempted to view every question self-regardingly, from the view point of dividends and financial profits. It reminded His Excellency that there has been a war on, and that ideas of social liberty and rights are in the air. It expressed in a few illuminating sentences the evils of Hongkong history, and the desperate stand that is now being made by the East Districts to resist progress and reform. It was a beautiful address, a perfect poem, and it was taken round among the majority of clerks, tradesmen, and small fry—those who have little stakes in the Colony—for their signatures. It looked like putting the kybosh on the clique's address. Dreams are disappointing things. Like the course of love, they never run smoothly. We dreamed that all began with one accord to make excuses for not signing. One was sure his taipan wouldn't like it. Another had a billiard tie to play off and hadn't time. And quite a lot said "What's the use?" And then we awoke.

## WELL DONE, SIR.

The *China Mail* desires respectfully to congratulate the C.S.P. on General Order No. 15, published in this issue. That, and not otherwise, is the tone to adopt towards men who serve for nothing. It costs little, and creates a much better feeling than the semi-military hectoring style.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A full report of the Peace Celebrations will appear, with other local news, in the *Overland China Mail* on Saturday. As there will be only a limited number of copies printed, those who require the *Overland China Mail* should send their orders at once.

To-day's dollar is worth 3s. 7 1/2d.

To-day's report shows one case of plague.

About a dozen stabbing cases have been reported to the police this month. There were several lately.

Captain E.S. Lucy and Lieutenant J. P. Jones of the R.G.A. are proceeding home for demobilization shortly.

The Indo-China s.s. "Fooshing" (Captain C. A. Robertson) brought 3,060 tons of coal from Chingwantao this morning.

Shipping at Hongkong is increasing to such an extent that the Harbour Department is arranging for additional moorings.

The J.C.L. s.s. "Tikini" arrived from Batavia yesterday, with 5,000 tons of cargo for Hongkong, and 1,520 for elsewhere.

The Blue Funnel s.s. "Proteslaus" (Captain Road) cleared yesterday for Suva via Japan ports with 6,000 tons of cargo.

The C. N. S. s.s. "Kaifong" (Captain J. Cogan) from Haiphong, brought 2,000 tons of general cargo for Hongkong yesterday afternoon.

The Indo-China s.s. "Taksang" (Captain M. Picknell) arrived from Haiphong and Hoikow yesterday. She brought nearly 1,000 tons of general cargo and livestock.

The s.s. "Shinying," when on her way to Chumun in Nam-hoi, was pirated, the pirates travelling as ordinary passengers before operating. A sailor was stabbed and many valuables taken away. Chinese gun-boats were sent to search for the pirates.

At a meeting of the football section of the Indian Recreation Club, on Monday evening, Mr. N. M. Bux presiding, it was decided that the Club should enter a team in the Second Division of the Hongkong Football League this year. Mr. R. S. Hartman and Mr. E. A. Mooseden were elected captain and vice-captain respectively.

The freight war between conference steamship companies and the Talyo Kaiun Kisen Kaisha on the Australia run is brought to nearer peace by the incursion of the Masuda, the Kanematsu and the Mitsui Bussan firms since the middle of May. These latter companies have made purchases of about 40,000 tons of wheat in Australia for which they contemplate despatching steamers of their own during July and August.

## HONGKONG SANITARY BOARD.

## PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES ADOPTED FOR CHOLERA.

A meeting of the Hongkong Sanitary Board was held yesterday afternoon. Dr. A. Gibson presided, and there were present the Hon. Mr. W. Chatham, C.M.G., Dr. W. O. M. Koch, Dr. F. M. Graza Olorio, Mr. S. W. Tso, Mrs. A. D. Hickling (M.O.H.) and Mr. W. H. Woolley (Acting Secretary).

Dr. Koch and Mr. Tso were appointed members of the Disinfection Committee; of the Byelaws for mitigation of Infectious Diseases Committee; and of the Cemeteries Committee, in the place of Mr. F. B. L. Bowley and Mr. Ng Hon Tsz.

The M.O.H., Mrs. Hickling, then read the following statement on cholera: "The members of the Board are probably aware that there is always a certain amount of cholera in the Philippine Islands and especially in Manila. Filipinos are constantly passing through Hongkong on their way to the Hawaiian Islands as labourers for the Hawaiian Planters' Association. Lately these people appear to have been kept waiting here for ships, some of them for as long as two months. They are housed in a Boarding House at 103 and 110, the Fraya East. I understand that during the early days of their stay several suffered from enteritis and were treated by Dr. Strahan, at the French Hospital. It is quite possible some of these cases were mild cases of cholera, but they are recovered and no examination, I believe, was made. On July 10, Dr. Strahan reported a case of 'cholera.' Dr. Parker's examination for cholera in this case was negative. A few days after, two fatal cases of cholera amongst these Filipinos were recorded. On July 15 after consulting with the P.C.M.O., I had all the Filipinos removed from the boarding-house to Kennedy Town on one of our own launches, and placed under observation there. One case of cholera has occurred in a Chinese, reported in a match on the Pokfulam Road. It has been impossible to obtain any information about the history of this case."

Dr. Parker has arranged that all cases of enteritis over 15 years old sent to the Mortuary are being notified to me and investigated for cholera. I have asked the P.C.M.O. to arrange to have all cases of enteritis at the Tung Wah Hospital and Kwong Wah Hospital examined in the same way, and Dr. Strahan has arranged to do the same at the French Hospital. Altogether, three cases of cholera have occurred.

## HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

ORDERS I SUED BY THE HON. CAPT. SUPT. OF POLICE.

## GENERAL ORDER (NO. 15.)

The Capt. Supt. of Police wishes to express his appreciation of the manner in which the members of the Police Reserve mustered for special duty on the occasion of the Peace Celebrations. The muster on the 18th inst. was particularly good. The work done by the rank and file including the Band and Ambulance Sections was most praiseworthy and the assistance given to the Regular Force by the patrolmen was most helpful. The Capt. Supt. of Police gratefully records the services rendered by those members who turned out at considerable sacrifice to themselves to do their self-imposed duties and trusts that it may very shortly be possible to discontinue all further active duties.

E. D. C. WOLFE,  
Capt. Supt. of Police  
July 22d. 1919.

## WEDDING.

## LUCAS-BIRK.

There was an unostentatious wedding at St. John's Cathedral this morning. The principals were Mr. H. W. Lucas of Messrs. Moller & Co. and Miss Grace M. Kirk who arrived here from England recently on the s.s. "Empress of Russia." The bride wore a cream coloured travelling costume and looked very nice. She was given away by Mr. W. J. Morrison. Mr. S. D. Williamson did the duties of "best man." The Rev. Copley Moyle officiated. After the wedding a group photograph was taken. Mr. and Mrs. Lucas left for Macao.

## ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

PLURIBUS UNUM.—You demand to know what the *China Mail* really knows about coalmining in the U.S.A. We have asked him: "I was myself a minor till I was 21. After that I lived in the U.S.A. I know all about it, and then some." Does that satisfy you?

INTERESTED.—Yes, it is a real removal of the telegraphic censorship, and the salaried censors will no longer be required.

## THE UNIVERSITY SCANDAL.

## SYNDICATE OF CANDIDATES CORRUPT PRINTERS.

With reference to the many conjectures in the local press as to the leakage of examination papers prior to the holding of the examinations, it will be well to clear up some of the many misconceptions:

1. Investigations disclose that the students of St. Joseph's College are not in any way implicated in the scheme. The *China Mail* did not say they were but took this opportunity of clearing St. Joseph's College's name in the matter.

2. There was no shrewd suspicion on the part of the examiners. They had nothing to do with the investigations and are not even in the Colony at present.

3. There are about 50 to 60 students concerned.

4. Fresh papers will be set for the examinations in all the subjects, compulsory and otherwise.

5. The second examination will not conclude to-day, the Matriculation and Senior Local will finish on Saturday. The question as regards the Junior Local examination is undecided.

6. The "extraordinary correctness" of many efforts raised a strong suspicion is a myth. The worked papers were not looked at until the scheme was discovered, and those perused were rather poor.

7. The "spoilt copy" theory is also inaccurate. \$500 was paid by a syndicate to a person or persons in the employ of the printers, Messrs. Noronha & Co. For this the syndicate received a number of uncorrected printers' proofs.

The above is authentic and can be relied upon. Since the plot was discovered about 100 out of 250 candidates have withdrawn from the junior examinations.

SENATE MEETING.  
At the meeting of the Senate at the Hongkong University this morning at which Dr. G. P. Jordan, Pro Vice-Chancellor presided, and the Acting Director of Education, Mr. G. N. Orme, with others were present, the action of the Registrar in setting fresh papers was confirmed.

The senior examination will conclude on Friday and the junior on Saturday.

## ARMY DISCIPLINE.

## MR. JUSTICE MCCARDIE'S COMMENTS IN SOLICITOR'S CASE.

In the King's bench division recently Mr. Justice McCardie delivered his reserved judgment in the action brought by Mr. C. H. Heddon, a solicitor, of Ripon, recently a private of the R.A.S.C., against his commanding officer, Major G. C. Evans, for alleged slander, malicious prosecution, and false imprisonment. The defence was that Mr. Heddon at the time, being subject to military law, could not come to the civil courts for redress.

Mr. Justice McCardie, who occupied two and a half hours in delivering his judgment said the case was one of grave complexity. It raised questions of constitutional importance, involving many difficult points of military law and presenting a series of unusual facts. If the acts of military tribunals or officers were not susceptible to supervision by the civil courts, the gravest consequences might ensue.

An action for false imprisonment or assault would lie, even though it was the result of the exercise of jurisdiction, but he (the judge) was not free to award damages for malicious and frivolous abuse of authority even if he were satisfied that Mr. Heddon had proved that serious assertion.

His lordship decided that the contention of Mr. Heddon that his conviction was invalid and void by reason of Major Evans's omission to ask him if he desired to be tried by court-martial failed. Mr. Heddon's contention that Major Evans acted maliciously and without reasonable cause in sending him to detention in barracks also failed, and so did the claim for slander. The feelings of Mr. Heddon which had led him to this litigation were deep, but some part of his conduct was wrong, some very unwise, and some over-impulsive. He failed to bear in mind that although he had left France he was still in the Army, and that he owed a high and constant duty of obedience.

His lordship did not overlook the occasions on which Mr. Heddon ignored authority and was absent without leave. Though Mr. Heddon had failed in his claim he (the judge) thought he had suffered hardship. A greater measure of tact and a different method of treatment on the part of more than one officer would have prevented much of this unhappy history.

Mr. Thindal Atkinson, K.C., said that as Mr. Heddon did not intend to take the case further he would not ask for costs.

Solicitors—Messrs. Wilkinson for the plaintiff; the Treasury solicitors for the defendant.

Whilst working in a steamer at the Kowloon Docks, a Chinese woman of 29, missed her footing and fell from the gang-plank into the hold. She was killed outright.

## AN INCIDENT WITH TWO MORALS.

The acrimonious discussion which took place last week, over the closing of the Police Reserve Club, is an illustration of the resentment which is caused when people find their affairs settled behind their backs. Nobody, we venture to think, who has read the reasons offered for the decision of the acting Deputy-Superintendent and his colleagues on the Committee will deny that they were sufficient, but, unfortunately, they were given too late. In other words, a lack of tact was shown. There is one other moral that we wish to point in connection with this controversy, and that is the very free interpretation which officials are apt to give to rules and regulations from which they derive their authority. There is, for example, a regulation forbidding members of the Police Reserve to communicate information to the Press, and warning them to be on their guard when talking to representatives of newspapers. As there have always been several journalists in the Force this is a rather foolish instruction at best, but it is obviously intended to apply only to Police duties. Yet, on the strength of it, the acting Deputy-Superintendent has placed on report a Police constable, who was the joint donor of a cup to the Reserves, for writing to the Press asking information about the Club and its effects.

At the same time a somewhat similar action on the part of a Staff-Inspector was signified as "mischievous and insubordinate," and it was announced that if the officer could be identified he, also, would be placed on report. When this is the official attitude who can be surprised if pseudonyms are employed by those who wish to ventilate a grievance real or fancied? Is it seriously suggested that a man who gives gratuitously part of his leisure to safeguard the peace of the Colony in a time of crisis thereby renounces his rights as a citizen? It was made clear that no such risk should be run by the members of the Defence Corps when compulsory service was introduced and the Army Act was flourished in the air. We do not suppose that the two culprits who have committed the heinous offence of expressing their views in print on the subject of the Police Reserve Club will lose much sleep over the fate which awaits them. They are not likely to be shot at dawn. The incident, however, is illuminating.—*Hongkong Daily Press.*

## DEATH OF MR. D'ARAUJO E SILVA.

Death has removed an interesting figure from the life of Shanghai. Mr. Antonio Manuel d'Araujo e Silva, who had been for a long time a resident in the Settlement, died at the advanced age of 74.

Born at Macao on May 5, 1845, Mr. Silva was the second son of Demetrio d'Araujo e Silva by his second wife, Francisca d'Arriaga Brum de Silveira. His father had held an important government office, having been Commissioner of Customs at Macao prior to the time when Hongkong became a British possession, while through his mother the deceased was a grandson of Counsellor Miguel d'Arriaga Brum de Silveira. This gentleman was a grand-uncle of the late Dr. Manuel d'Arriaga, the first elected President of the Portuguese Republic, and so the deceased was thus a second cousin of the late President.

Mr. Silva started life as an assistant in the old firm of Pustau & Co. of Hongkong at the age of 14, and was book-keeper of that firm when it closed in 1878. He came to Shanghai in 1879 and joined the firm of Fong & Co., who were predecessors of the China and Japan Trading Co., and with them he remained until 1916, when he resigned through ill-health.

Mr. Silva, who is survived by four sons and three daughters, took little active part in the public life of the Portuguese community, being a gentleman of a retiring disposition. On one occasion, however, he was President of the old Portuguese club, the Club Recreio.

## CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

[Translated for the *China Mail* from the *Wah Tsai Yat Po*.]

Peking, July 22.

Yesterday the Cabinet discussed the question of the early resumption of business with Germany. Mr. Tsai Ting-Kan will probably be appointed as Chairman of the Committee to arrange resumption after the Powers' ratification of the German Peace Treaty.

Peking telegraphed to Paris for details concerning Italy's demands for the Austrian Concession in Tientsin.

Many Canton Organisations have telegraphed to the Peking Cantonese community requesting them to support the election of Dr. Wu Ting-fang as the Civil Governor of Canton.



## TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

(Continued from Page 1.)

## NATURALLY.

## COALITION DESIRES TO HANG ON.

LONDON, July 16. Mr. Churchill, who had just returned from a visit to Mr. Lloyd George, speaking at a parliamentary banquet of the new centre group of 100 members of the House of Commons, strongly emphasised the necessity of a continuance of the coalition. The co-operation of the moderate elements was absolutely necessary to combat Bolshevism.

Lord Birkenhead endorsed this and added that the Labour Party had a great part to play in the future. He would like to see it educated and have the same responsible spirit as other parties, thus giving it opportunity to acquire judgment and balance.

## NEW ITALIAN BOUNDARY.

LONDON, July 16. In the House of Lords, Lord Bryce called attention to the fact that the summary of terms of peace offered to Austria included a provision that the frontier of Italy should be advanced to the watershed and main chain of Rhaetian Alps and to the Brenner Pass, thus transferring to Italy over 200,000 German speaking Tyrolese. He suggested that a plebiscite should be taken.

Lord Newton said that if this area were taken over as a whole, the Italian majority there would be two to one. President Wilson had acquiesced in the decision. The Peace Conference considered that if the area proposed were taken over there would be an overwhelming Italian majority for annexation, therefore it was unnecessary to take the plebiscite.

## U.S.A. POLITICS.

WASHINGTON, July 16. President Wilson is inviting a party of Republican senators, including Senator Lodge, to a conference to discuss the treaty and the League of Nations.

WASHINGTON, July 17. The Senate Foreign Relations Committee has unanimously passed a resolution demanding the State department to furnish copies of any treaties affecting Japanese or German rights in China, particularly the Chinese-Japanese convention of 1898, and the Chinese-Japanese treaty of 1915.

## THE NEW PARTY.

## WILL LLOYD GEORGE LEAD IT?

LONDON, July 16. The proposed establishment of a new Centre Party has provided a political sensation. The holding of the dinner became known only when some of the Commissioners who were present returned to the house. It caused considerable excitement. Mr. Churchill spoke for over an hour. The supporting speakers included the chief Coalition and Unionist whigs. The movement was successfully launched, but its precise attitude towards Labour is leading to some speculation. The dinner gained the impression that Lloyd George would lead this new party.

## SHIPBUILDING AND ENGINEERING AWARD.

LONDON, July 16. The Court of Arbitration at Westminster in the test case affecting the shipbuilding and engineering trades has decided against the employers' application. On the ground of the high cost of living they declined to reduce the war bonus by five shillings weekly.

## THE OVERSEAS BANK.

LONDON, July 15. The prospectus has been issued for the previously announced British Overseas Bank. There are a million shares of £5 each, of which one-fifth have been subscribed for at par by the bankers. These include the Dominion bank of Toronto, and the Imperial Ottoman. Applications are invited for 200,000 shares at par. The governing council will include representatives of the chief trade interests.

## TEACHER SWEATING.

Judging by their latest advertisement, the Hunts Education Committee are about as fit to have charge of the interests of education as an East End sweeper. This is in "Uncertificated Assistant Master" wanted for God-marcher Boys' School; salary, £65 to £80, according to experience. Has now the Minister of Education any power and authority to put his foot down on such scandalous hunger-wages in elementary schools?

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## A CHALLENGE.

(To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL.")

SIR—Last evening something like the following conversation took place between two Britons on the top of a tram:

1st Briton: "Have you seen the show at the Coronet?"

2nd Briton: "No, have you?"

1st Briton: "No, and I don't intend to. Apart altogether from the weather, you know the kind of thing 'British production' means."

2nd Briton: "Oh, quite! I agree with you."

May I claim the hospitality of your columns to issue somewhat of a challenge to these two gentlemen?

If they, or for that matter any others who feel the same way, care to come to the Coronet and see "A Turf Conspiracy" (the film that cannot be worth seeing because it is British) and if at the conclusion of the performance they can conscientiously say that they are not satisfied that not only is it better than the average programme offering, but that it is not equal in interest, setting and acting to the best French, Italian or American production they have ever seen, I will at once and without comment return to them the price of their admission.

Yours faithfully,

H. W. RAY.

Hongkong, July 23, 1919.

## R.A.M.C. WAR MEMORIAL FUND.

## LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS FROM SWATOW, SOUTH CHINA.

V. H. Bawgwin	£5. 5. 0
A. Margowan	5. 5. 0
J. Robinson	5. 5. 0
J. M. Moorhead	5. 5. 0
G. D. Phipps	5. 5. 0
J. M. Forbes	3. 3. 0
H. Griffin	3. 3. 0
G. Thornton	3. 3. 0
V. A. Mauder	3. 3. 0
G. Duncan Whyte	2. 2. 0
F. H. H. Hance	2. 0. 0
B. D. Tisdall	2. 0. 0
J. A. Bloomfield	2. 0. 0
M. E. Stannard	2. 0. 0
F. C. Smith	1. 0. 0
H. E. Wallace	1. 0. 0
A. R. Pollock	1. 0. 0
G. H. Wood	Mex. \$25
J. S. Enright	20
Anonymous	15
E. M. Lyle	10
S. E. McGrath	10
A. Miller	5
A. Darlington	5
Wm. Paton	3

Total, £51.6.0 Mex. \$308.40.

## A FURTHER LIST.

Ho Kom Tong	\$100
Wong Kam Fook	100
Chow Shou Son	50
Ho Wing	50
To See Fuen	25
Ho Leung	25
Ho Ki	25
Chiu Chai Sun	20
Lau Hon Ping	15
Lo Shiu Cheuk	10
Leung Shu Tong	10
Kwan Ki Sang	10
Lo San Kwan	10
Sze Yue Man	10
Ho Yu	10
M. K. Lo	10
Tse Ka Po	10
Tsing Lu Ting	10
Li Yang Chi	10
Chan Fu Cheong	10
Lo Po Sang	10
Wong Yu Tang	10
Lo Chak Nam	10
Total	\$550

Hon. Mr. N. J. Stabb, O.B.E.	\$100
H. C. Sandford	100
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Farr	100
H. B. L. Dowling	100
Capt. S. A. Burr, R.A.M.C.	15
Professor H. G. Earle	10
Dr. N. Macleod, Shanghai	£22. 10
R. S. F. Macdonald	£50
Already acknowledged	\$1,275.00

## O, THE D... L.

The Chinese, in the midst of their troubles, still love their joke. In a letter from Amoy published by the North-China Daily News, is told a story of how the churches in that neighbourhood chose the moment of the anti-Japanese boycott for a revival. Handbills were distributed at Kulangau inviting all and sundry to come to church and hear an address on "The World's Common Enemy." The Japanese authorities drew the attention of the municipal authorities to this very serious matter, and the municipality obediently sent an official to ask the preacher what he meant by it. The preacher, no doubt with a smile that was childlike and bland, said that the subject of his discourse, to give it a more precise name, was "The Devil."

## REVENGE.

## HONGKONG MAN ASSAULTS HIS WIFE'S WOMAN FRIEND.

In H.M. P. Court, Shanghai, on July 15, W. J. Singer was charged with assaulting Rosina Jacob on July 14, by striking her with a rhinoceros hide walking stick.

Mr. B. C. Faithfull, who prosecuted on behalf of the Police, said it appeared that for about the last nine months the defendant had been living in Hongkong apart from his wife and children. He had visited several times to get his wife and children to go there and live with him, but the wife refused. Apparently the defendant formed the idea that Mrs. Jacob was using influence to keep him and his wife apart and he resolved to have some up from Hongkong with the express purpose of assaulting Mrs. Jacob. He had even written letters to that effect. Evidence would show that the defendant went to the house of the complainant, jumped the verandah, and going to the window of a room, and the complainant was sitting looking with a friend, his hand over the head with the rhinoceros hide, striking a violent blow. The defendant was a powerful man, and it was a wonder he had not done more harm than he did.

The complainant stated that the defendant had been in Shanghai 2½ years ago to serve in Mesopotamia, and while he was away his wife lived next door to a woman who had been a witness. Some time in April of last year the defendant returned to Shanghai, and his wife came to complain asking to be taken in. Complainant accompanied her, and found her work room, while the cause of the trouble was referred to the authorities and the children were put in the convent with the approval of Mr. W. King. Since the defendant had been away he had written letters to friends in Shanghai stating his intention of having revenge on his wife, and a Shanghai man, who had come from a newspaper in defendant's office, had his wife and reported defendant's expressed intention to her.

Complainant then gave evidence of the assault, and in response to questions by the defendant, denied that he stumbled into the room and that that was the cause of his accidentally hitting her.

Mrs. E. Fuller, who was with the complainant at the time, gave evidence in corroboration.

Defendant, giving evidence on his own behalf, said he admitted intruding into the complainant's premises, but nothing else. He entered the complainant's house without an invitation, but after he had entered he had an argument with the complainant, following which he was taken away by the police.

Mr. Faithfull: Had you got that stick in your possession when you went to the house? I have to protect myself when I go to look for dangerous people.

Why did you go to the house when you thought you were going to fight? I had a right to go there.

Why did you go there? I have been carrying two years' heavy punishment.

What did you go there for, to see your wife, or see Mrs. Jacob, or what? No reply.

I put it to you, you went there for the purpose of assaulting Mrs. Jacob or your wife or someone? I went to interview Mrs. Jacob, not to assault her.

The magistrate asked defendant if he could find two securities of £20 to be of good behaviour, and the defendant being unable to say he could do this, the magistrate remarked that he was convinced there had been an assault, though not a serious one, and fined the defendant £2.

## GARRISON TENNIS LEA UE.

## R.E.'S FIRST DEFEAT.

The Royal Engineers met their first defeat on Monday at Happy Valley when the 83rd Company, R.G.A., defeated them by five games. Captain Lucy and Sgt. Athorne for the winners won all their sets. Scores:—

Captain Lucy and Sgt. Athorne, 83rd Co., beat Staff Sgt. Whit and Sgt. O'Donnell, 6-3; beat L. Cpl. Peakes and Cpl. Pasall, 7-2; beat Major Buck and L. Cpl. Smith, 7-2.

Lieut. Mann and Bdr. Green, 83rd Co., lost to White and O'Donnell, 1-5; lost to Peakes and Pasall, 3-5; beat Buck and Smith, 6-3.

Bdr. Nicholls and Gr. Perkins, 83rd Co., lost to White and O'Donnell, 3-0; lost to Peakes and Pasall, 4-5; beat Buck and Smith, 6-8.

Totals: 83rd Co. R.G.A., " 43 games; R.E., 88 games.

## ORD VATI N.

We are informed by the Right Reverend Bishop Poretti that the ordination to the Priesthood of the Rev. Narciso Campos and the Rev. Alberto Gonzalez both of the St. Joseph's Seminary of Macao will take place at the Cathedral on Friday, the 26th instant, at 7 a.m.

## WHEN SOLDIERS MAY QUIT.

## FRESH WAR OFFICE ANNOUNCEMENT.

30TH JULY 1920 THE VERY LATEST.

The following is a War Office telegram:

The following statement as to the obligations of soldiers in respect of their service has been drafted for insertion in orders on as many occasions as may be necessary. The "Termination of the War" has been defined by Parliament in the Termination of the present War (Definition Act of 1918) as the date of the exchange or deposit of ratifications of the Treaty of Peace, which date will subsequently be promulgated by Order in Council. The phrase "Termination of Hostilities" has exactly the same meaning as "Termination of the War." An armistice is merely a suspension of hostilities which may or may not be resumed. The period of the "Duration of the War" does not end with the armistice of November 11, 1918, nor with the signing of the Treaty of Peace with Germany, but with the "Termination of the War" as above defined.

Apart from the above definitions, these men (not being soldiers of the Regular Forces serving on a pro-war attestation or who have re-enlisted who are serving in Imperial Units, the Depots of which are situated in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and who, at the termination of the present war, are in actual service in the Naval, Military or Air Force of His Majesty's and whose term of actual Military Service, under their attestation or under the Military Service Act expires at the termination of the present war or before the 30th day of April, 1920, are liable under the Naval, Military and Air Force Service Act, 1916, to be retained with the colours, if the necessity exists, beyond the expiration of their original engagements up to 30th April, 1920, when they must be released with all convenient speed but in any case within and not later than three months after that date.

## BOSTOCK'S CIRCUS.

## CHINESE PRESENT MAXIMO WITH MEDAL.

Bostock's Royal Italian Circus tent at the Ming Yuen Garden was filled last night by an interested crowd of Chinese. The programme presented was a capital one and all the items were well received particularly the now famous Maximo's tricks on the slack wire. The Gipsy Bros. in a series of daring balancing feats also pleased immensely. As a token of appreciation, Mr. Pun Yick Chai, the proprietor of Ming Yuen Garden, presented to Maximo, after his performance on Monday night, a beautifully made shield of solid Chinese gold suitably inscribed and suspended by a red, white and blue ribbon. Maximo made appreciation of this token of the admiration of the local Chinese community and wore it during his performance last night. The medal must have cost over \$200.

The circus gives its farewell performance to-night and leaves for Shanghai to-morrow.

## EUROPEAN IMPRISONED.

## ABSENT FROM "WAR SEPOY."

Thomas McGill, freeman of the Admiralty s.s. "War Sepoy," appeared before the Marine Magistrate, Captain Basil Tylour, this morning. McGill was charged with neglecting to proceed to sea in the s.s. "War Sepoy" on or about July 12, 1919.

Lieut. Mudie, R.N.R., prosecuting produced a letter from Captain T. Harrison of the "War Sepoy" reporting the desertion. He said he knew nothing further about defendant, but added he was acting as Naval Transport Officer and the Master had reported having had trouble with some of the crew.

Defendant pleaded guilty but said he had no intention of deserting. He went ashore with leave and was not called in the morning and the ship sailed at 8 in the morning. He admitted that he knew the ship was going to sail and was absent without leave twice previously.

Captain Tylour sentenced McGill to four weeks' hard labour and fined him two days' pay.

## APPRECIATION.

H.E. Major-General F. Ventris has much pleasure in publishing the following note from His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, dated 19th inst.:—

"I should like to let you know as soon as possible how much I appreciate the smart appearance and excellence of the parade this morning. Considering the restricted area and the number of separate units I think all concerned are to be congratulated on the result."

## TO-DAYS ADVERTISEMENTS.

## LOST.

LOST.—On Friday last, IRISH TERRIER BITCH, answers to the name of "BIDDY." Reply to A. B. C. 6/0 "CHINA MAIL."

## PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (For Account of the Concerned) on

## TUESDAY,

July 29, 1919, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, BRASS AND BRASS-MOUNTED DOUBLE AND TWIN BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS, CARPETS, &c., &c.,

Comprising:—

Large Chesterfield Sofas, Arm-chairs (new), Folding Card and Occasional Tables, One Upholstered Suite, Bedroom Furniture, comprising Teakwood Twin Bedsteads, large and small Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washstands, &c., (famed Teakwood), Sideboards, Dinner Waggons, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, &c., Dinner Services, Crockery, and Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, &c. Bath Room Utensils, Electro-Plated Ware, Electric Reading Lamps, Teakwood Screens, a quantity of Blackwood Furniture, Blackwood Fire Screens, &c., Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, Pictures &c., Several Carpets new and second-hand.

Also Piano and 1 Blicha.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, July 23, 1919.

(For Account of the Concerned), on

## TUESDAY,

July 29, 1919, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF USEFUL HOUSEHOLD LINENS, DRAWN WORK, & EMBROIDERIES, Comprising:—

HOUSEHOLD LINENS:—Single and Double Plain and Hemstitched Sheets, Pillow Cases, Double White Satin Quilts, Linen Damask Serviettes, Glass Cloths, Bath Towels, Face Towels, &c., &c.

DRAWNWORK:—Bedsprings, Pillow Cases, Tray Cloths, &c., &c.

EMBROIDERIES:—Bedsprings, Table Covers, Tea Cloths, Runners 18 by 44 in.

A few lots of Suit Cases and Attaché Cases.

(All new goods and small lots to suit purchasers).

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, July 23, 1919.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

"SIBERIA MARU."

STEAMER ARRIVED FROM SAN FRANCISCO, HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS, Tuesday July 22.

Consignees of cargo are hereby notified to present their bills of lading for counter-signature, and take immediate delivery from alongside steamer or the Company's godown, where all cargo impeding immediate discharge will be landed at consignee's risk.

Storage will be assessed on cargo remaining undelivered on July 28.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages will be landed into the Company's Godown, where same will be examined on Thursday, July 31, at 10 a.m.

No claims will be entertained if presented later than three weeks after arrival of steamer.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

T. DAIGO, Manager.

Hongkong, July 23, 1919.

## GRAMP COLIC.

TO need of suffering from cramps in the stomach or intestinal pains. Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy never fails to relieve the most severe cases. Get it today, there will be no time to spend for it after the attack comes on. For sale By All Chemists and Storekeepers.

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TO need of suffering from cramps in the stomach or intestinal pains. Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy never fails to relieve the most severe cases. Get it today, there will be no time to spend for it after the attack comes on. For sale By All Chemists and Storekeepers.

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## NOTICES.

WE HAVE SEVERAL SHAPES IN GENTLEMEN'S

## WHITE CANVAS SHOES

WITH LEATHER & "ARMORTRED" SOLES.

"ARMORTRED" SOLES ARE FLEXIBLE-WATERPROOF—NON-SLIPPING AND VERY HARD WEARING

SHOES \$10.50—BOOTS \$11.50 per pair.

## "KEDS"

A LIGHT AND DURABLE SHOE IN WHITE CANVAS WITH WHITE CORRUGATED RUBBER SOLES FOR TENNIS AND OTHER GAMES.

ALL SIZES \$3.75 per Pair.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

## NEW COLUMBIA RECORDS.

A 5930	{POOR BETTERLY YOU AND I ... ..
A 6029	{JUST A BABY'S PRAYER SOME NIGHT ... ..
A 6062	{WHILE THE INCENSE IS BURNING TUES. BERN. ... ..

THE ANDERSON MUSIC COY. LTD.

(THE COLUMBIA SHOP)

18, DES VEAUX ROAD. TEL. 1322.

Do away with the Difficult Part of Office Work

BY ENLISTING THE

## DALTON

ADDING, LISTING AND CALCULATING MACHINE

IN YOUR SERVICE

## MUSTARD &amp; CO.,

4, DES VEAUX ROAD CENTRAL. TELEPHONE 1166.

AGENTS IN POONCHOW, AMOY, SWATOW and CANTON:

BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.

For Constipation, Liver Disorders and Biliary Complaints

## AQUAFERIA.

BRITISH ALPHERET MINERAL WATER

BOTTLED AT HARROGATE SPRING, ENGLAND.

FOR SALE AT THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY, 14, Queen's Road, Central. Telephone No. 1877.

## BURGOYNES Pty., Ltd.

## SPECIALLY SELECTED BURGUNDY.

WINE GROWERS TO

H. M. THE KING.

Note the Great Reduction in Price:

Burgundy Reserve per case 1 doz. Quarts duty paid \$30.

" 2 doz. Pints " \$21.

## SOLE AGENTS

## GANDE, PRICE &amp; CO., LTD.

WINE MERCHANTS.

TEL. NO. 135. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.



## SHIPPING

P. & O.-BRITISH INDIA  
& APCAR LINES

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND)

STRAITS & BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,  
AUSTRALASIA, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST &  
SOUTH AFRICA, RED SEA, EGYPT, EUROPE, ETC.

SAILINGS FOR

MARSEILLES &amp; LONDON.

VIA STRAITS, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due Marseilles about	Due London about
"DILWARA"	27th July	with transshipment 25th September	at Bombay 7th October
"MAGUYA"	28th August		

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due Bombay about
"DILWARA"	27th July	14th August

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due Calcutta about
"JAPAN"	27th July	18th August

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due Yokohama about
"MAGUYA"	27th July at Noon	

OCEAN TRANSPORT CO., LTD.  
(TAIYO KAIUN KAISHA).

FOR VANCOUVER AND SEATTLE.

Specs and Particulars apply to DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD., Agents.

## NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS  
with transshipment at CALCUTTA, in conjunction with the  
INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.  
AND APCAR LINES.

Sailings from Hongkong.

For freight &amp; further particulars apply to DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD. Agents.

THE NANYO YUSEN KAISHA  
(SOUTH SEA-MAIL S. S. CO.)Regular Service of Steamers Between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore,  
Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

For JAPAN PORTS.	Leave Hongkong about
BOKUTO MARU	on 27th July.
For JAPAN PORTS.	Leave Hongkong about
BANKI MARU	on 28th July.
BORNEO MARU	on 28th Aug.
BOKUTO MARU	on 8th Sept.

For Freight or Passage apply to DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD. Agents.

## O. S. K.

## OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON & ANTWERP	Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.
AMAZON MARU	Tuesday, 12th August.
ALTAI MARU	Friday, 28th August.
GENOA & BOMBAY	Monthly service, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transshipment at Bombay to Company's steamers.
SUKHOS	AIR, BIG DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MAURITIUS, DURBAN & CAPE TOWN via SINGAPORE.
HAWAII MARU	End of July.
BOMBAY COLOMBO	Regular fortnightly service via Singapore.
INDUS MARU	Friday, 26th July.
KASADO MARU	Wednesday, 15th August.
SAIGON, BANGKOK, SINGAPORE	Regular monthly service.
UNNAN MARU	Friday, 1st August.
SYDNEY, MELBOURNE	Monthly service calling at AUSTRALIA, N.Z., and ADELAIDE.
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA.	Regular fortnightly service touching at intermediate ports in Japan and calling at OYERLAND POINTS U.S. in connection with Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.
AFRICA MARU	Monday, 18th August.
JAPAN PORTS—Kobe	
BURMA MARU	Thursday, 31st July.
KEELUNG, TAKAO VIA SWATOW, AMOY.	
ROGHO MARU	Thursday, 31st July, at 9 a.m.
For KEELUNG via SWATOW and AMOY.	
KALIO MARU	Sunday, 27th July, at 10 a.m.

Tel. No. 744 &amp; 745.

Y. YASUDA, Manager.  
No. 1, Queen's Building.

## THOS. COOK &amp; SON.

Tourist, Steamship and Forwarding Agents, Bankers, etc.

OFFICIAL PASSENGER AGENTS TO  
THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT.TICKETS, SUPPLIED TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD at Tariff Rates,  
LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and  
CASHED.BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.  
Cook's "FAR EASTERN TRAVELLER'S GAZETTE," containing  
Sailings and Fare from the Far East to all parts of the World, will  
be forwarded free on application.Telegraphic Address "COUPON." THOS. COOK & SON,  
Telephone No. 524. Hongkong Hotel Buildings, Hongkong.  
Also SHANGHAI, PEKING, YOKOHAMA, MANILA.  
Other Offices—LONDON, LONDON, E.C. 4.

## SHIPPING

C. N. C.  
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR NEWCHANG	FOR KANSU	FOR SHANGHAI
SHANGHAI	July 24, Daylight.	July 24, at 5 p.m.
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	July 24, at 8 a.m.	July 24, at 8 a.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	July 24, at 3 p.m.	July 24, at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	July 26, at 3 p.m.	July 26, at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	July 27, Daylight.	July 27, Daylight.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	July 29, at 11 a.m.	July 29, at 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI	July 29, at Noon.	July 29, at Noon.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAIL AND CARGO. Excellent  
Saloon accommodation and electric light and fans in Saloon and  
State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai  
(three weekly) and Tientsin (weekly), taking cargo on through Bills of Lading  
to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai,  
avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.  
BANGKOK LINE—Weekly service to and from Bangkok via Swatow.  
For Freight or Passage apply to—  
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
AGENTS.  
Telephone No. 26.

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG  
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

FOR SINGAPORE & PENANG	FOR CHUNSHANG	FOR THURSDAY
HAIPHONG	July 24, at 3 p.m.	July 24, at 3 p.m.
MANILA	July 25, at 3 p.m.	July 25, at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	July 26, at 3 p.m.	July 26, at 3 p.m.
YOKOHAMA & KOBE	July 27, Daylight.	July 27, Daylight.
SHANGHAI	July 27, Daylight.	July 27, Daylight.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	July 28, at 3 p.m.	July 28, at 3 p.m.
YOKOHAMA & KOBE	July 29, at 3 p.m.	July 29, at 3 p.m.
MANILA	July 29, at 5 p.m.	July 29, at 5 p.m.
YOKOHAMA & KOBE	July 30, at 3 p.m.	July 30, at 3 p.m.
YOKOHAMA & KOBE	August 1, at 3 p.m.	August 1, at 3 p.m.
YOKOHAMA & KOBE	August 2, at 5 p.m.	August 2, at 5 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE—This line has now been re-organized and affords regular sailings to Calcutta  
via Singapore and Penang.  
Sailing from Calcutta steamers proceed via Straits and Hongkong to Japan,  
occasionally calling at Shanghai.  
All steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with Electric Light  
and Fan, and carry a fully qualified Surgeon.  
SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai,  
occasionally calling at Swatow.  
On this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and through tickets  
can be issued for Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai. Through Railways are  
used to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.  
MANILA LINE—A weekly service is maintained, with Manila as a base, with good passenger  
accommodation; sailings from both ports every Friday.  
HAIPHONG LINE—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at  
Haiphong when business offers.  
BORNEO LINE—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer having  
up-to-date accommodation for passengers.  
Cargo takes on through Bills of Lading for Sandakan, Labuan, Tawau and  
Lahad Datt.  
TIENTSIN LINE—A regular service is run from March to October between Hongkong and  
Tientsin, calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.  
Under Straits Government Passport Regulations. All European Passengers, leaving the Colony  
for Straits Settlements, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their  
Photographs and description attested thereon.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to—  
Tel. No. 215. THE GENERAL MANAGERS  
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,THE ADMIRAL LINE.  
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE.

Operating the following U.S. Shipping Board Steamers.

S.S. "WEST MUNHAM"	will be despatched on or about July 18.
For SEATTLE, TACOMA & PORTLAND.	
"WILDER KNIGHT"	About August 15.
"ELDERIDGE"	About August 15.
"WEST ISLAND"	Late August.
"WEST TREPPURN"	Middle September.
For PORTLAND direct.	
"COAKET"	About August 25.
Through Bills of Lading issued to Overland Common Points.	
FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO:	
THE ADMIRAL LINE,	
JOHN J. GORMAN, GENERAL AGENT.	
Telephones 2477 & 2478.	Fifth Floor, Hotel Mansions.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA  
SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

FAST AND LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.	
Steamers	Tons
"SHIBUKAWA MARU"	20,000
"SHINYO MARU"	20,000
"FERSIA MARU"	9,000
"KOREA MARU"	20,000
"NIPPON MARU"	11,000
"TENYO MARU"	22,000

Omitting call at Shanghai. \* Calling at Keelung.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.  
HONGKONG TO VALPARAISO via JAPAN, HONOLULU,  
SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, SALINGO, BALBOA,  
CALLAO, AERCA and IQUIQUE.  
Thence by Trans-Andean Route to Buenos Aires.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong:
ANYO MARU	18,000	10th.
SEIYO MARU	14,000	Nov. 4th.
SEIYO MARU	17,200	

Tickets are interchangeable with the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.,  
and the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.  
Passengers may travel by rail between ports of call in Japan free of charge.  
For full information as to rates, sailings, etc., apply to—  
T. DAIGO, MANAGER,  
KING'S BUILDING.  
Telephone Nos. 4374 and 2375.JAVA-PACIFIC LINE  
OF THE  
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.Monthly Service between  
NETH. INDIA, MANILA, HONGKONG AND SAN FRANCISCO.The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have  
accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers.  
All steamers carry a fully qualified surgeon.  
Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading to all Overland Points to the  
United States of America and Canada.  
For Particulars of Freight and Passage apply to the  
JAVA-OR NA-JAPAN LIJN,  
GENERAL MANAGERS,  
Yach Buildings.  
Telephone No. 1474.

## SHIPPING

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SAILINGS

HONGKONG TO VANCOUVER

(via Shanghai, Nagasaki (\*Moji) Kobe &amp; Yokohama)

STEAMERS	FROM HONGKONG	DATE
Empress of Asia	Aug. 7	Aug. 25
Monteagle	Aug. 8	Sept. 3
Empress of Japan	Aug. 20	Sept. 10
Empress of Russia	Sept. 4	Sept. 23
Empress of Asia	Oct. 3	Oct. 20
Monteagle	Oct. 7	Nov. 1
Empress of Japan	Oct. 18	Nov. 6
Empress of Russia	Oct. 30	Nov. 17
Empress of Asia	Nov. 27	Dec. 15
Empress of Japan	Dec. 11	Jan. 1
Monteagle	Dec. 16	Jan. 9
Empress of Russia	Dec. 25	Jan. 13

FARES HONGKONG TO UNITED KINGDOM.

"EMPEROR OF RUSSIA" Gold rate. "EMPEROR OF JAPAN" Gold rate. "MONTAGLE" Gold rate.

CANADA'S NEW TRAIN DE LUX  
"THE TRANS-CANADA LIMITED"  
Vancouver to Montreal 93.15 hours.For particulars regarding passage fares, sailings and reservations, apply to the General Agent, Passenger Dept.,  
HONGKONG.General Agent, Passenger Dept.,  
HONGKONG.

Phone 25. General Agent.

HONGKONG.

CANADIAN PACIFIC  
OCEAN SERVICES

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG &amp; SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good  
Accommodation for First Class Passengers, Electric Light and Fans in State-rooms  
and Saloons. Excellent Cuisine.

SWATOW, AMOY &amp; FOCHOW

AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

SAILING.

QUINNEBAUG (Capt. Medina) FRIDAY, 25th July at 11 a.m.

HAIPHONG (Capt. J. W. Evans) TUESDAY, 26th July at 1 p.m.

HAITAN (Capt. A. H. Stewart) FRIDAY, 1st August at 1 p.m.

SWATOW.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to—  
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.  
General Managers.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS.

"NANKING" (15,000 tons, American Registry).

"CHINA" (10,500 tons, American Registry).

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS &amp; HONOLULU

"NANKING" August 19th, 1919.

"CHINA" September 11th, 1919.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS  
PASSENGER SERVICE.O. H. RITTER, Freight and Passenger Agent.  
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## INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA,  
DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, FORT ELIZABETH and  
CAPE TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN  
AFRICAN LINE.

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From Hongkong: Connecting with From Colombo:

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION FOR 1ST AND 2ND CLASS PASSENGERS.

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Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to BEIRA,  
DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, FORT ELIZABETH and CAPE  
TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route and affording the Quickest Freight  
Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.For dates of departure, Rates of Freight, apply to—  
THE BANK LINE, LTD.  
MANAGING AGENTS.

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(Ellerman &amp; Bucknall Steamship Co. Ltd.)

JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS

TO

UNITED KINGDOM &amp; CONTINENT.

FOR PARTICULARS OF SAILINGS SHIPPERS ARE

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For STEAMER SAIL.

Subject to change without notice.

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S.S. "VALAYA"

THE above Steamer leaves for Bangkok about THURSDAY,

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THORESEN &amp; CO., Agents.

Queen's Buildings.

## EX VICE-CONSUL'S

FRAUDS.

"DREAM" APPOINTMENTS.

MARRIAGE AFTER BORROWING

£1,000.

A remarkable story of fraud was told on June 4 to Mr. Garrett, the Bow-street magistrate, when William Montague Williams, formerly assistant British Vice-Consul at Trondhjem, Norway, was charged on a warrant with obtaining two sums of £20 and £5 by fraud from Mr. Herbert Arthur Thompson, secretary of the Ship Licensing Committee of the Ministry of Shipping.

Mr. Thompson stated that in August last he met Williams at Trondhjem in his official capacity as assistant to the Vice-Consul there. The witness was there on Government business. It was known that Williams was going to marry one of the Legation staff at Copenhagen and he told the witness that he was going to Christiania to obtain leave to go home to get married.

Williams mentioned that his uncle allowed him £3,000 a year, but that as he was not yet 25 he could not command the money easily. The witness's colleague, a military man, knew that Williams had been in the Guards and they "fell in" together. After about three days they all came to Britain, parting at Aberdeen.

On August 29 Williams called at the Ministry of Shipping and inquired for Major Pinkney, who was then away on leave. He said that he had called to see the major to borrow £50 from him, and went on to explain that he had applied at the Foreign Office to draw the pay due to him at Trondhjem, but the chief clerk had refused to let him have it.

The reason he wanted the £50, he said, was that he had a bill of £40 to meet at the Hyde Park Hotel, and could not obtain money from his uncle then, as he was away ill, and his solicitors would not disclose his whereabouts. The witness lent him £20, which he promised to return in a few days' time.

At Williams's invitation the witness dined that night with him and his wife at the Hyde Park Hotel, where they had a suite of rooms. After that Williams called almost daily at the Ministry of Shipping. On September 6 he told the witness that he had just seen Mr. Balfour and Lord Robert Cecil at the Foreign Office to get permission for his wife to accompany him to Trondhjem, but the Foreign Office refused to emigrate her, and he thereupon resigned his position and applied for a berth in the Home Civil service.

The result of the interview, he added, was that he was to be appointed private secretary to Lord Hardinge at £500 a year.

On that occasion, the witness said, he let him have £5, and Major Pinkney lent him £2, which he promised to return next day after seeing his uncle. The witness did not see him again until October 15, when he met him by chance as he was getting out of the train at Earl's Court Station. Williams then asked him if he had received his money all right, and explained that he had instructed his bankers to pay £25 into his account.

His attitude, continued the witness, was so plausible that he believed him, but next day he found that this statement was untrue. He applied for the warrant in February last after he had been informed that the British Minister at Christiania Sir Mansfield Finlay had received so many complaints about Williams.

Detective Winter stated that when he explained the charge to Williams at Fleetwood (Lancs.) Police Station he replied that he received only £5 a quarter from his uncle while he was at school, but had received nothing from him since he joined the Army. With regard to his alleged appointment as private secretary to Lord Hardinge, he said, "It is a dream."

He afterwards made a long statement, in which he said that on leaving school in July 1915 he joined an Officers' Training Corps, and was discharged through ill-health in July 1916. In the same month he was appointed Assistant Vice-Consul at Trondhjem at a salary of £300, afterwards increased to £400. He borrowed about £1,000 from the Vice-Consul, and came to England, and was married on August 21 last to Miss Ranken, of Strood, Rochester. His wife left him in December, and since then he had been in various parts of the country borrowing small sums and staying at several hotels without paying the bills. At Plymouth he obtained £25, and £25 worth of clothes on a worthless cheque by representing himself to be Sir Montague Williams.

Since leaving Trondhjem Williams had been touring the country getting money by fraud. He had left his wife without means. Williams was sentenced to three months' imprisonment in the second division.

## CAN YOU AFFORD THE RISK?

WERE you ever seized with a severe attack of cramp colic or diarrhoea without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house? It takes such risks. A dose or two will cure you before a doctor could possibly be called, and it never fails even in the most severe and dangerous cases. For sale By All Chemists and Dispensaries.



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